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POWER AMPLIFIER PENTODE

MINIATURE TYPE Filament Coated Filament Arrangement Series * Parallel** 2.8d-c volts Voltage 1.4 Current 0.1 0.2 amp. Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: 0 Grid to Plate 0.34 max. μμf Input 4.8 μμf 4.2 Output μμf Maximum Overall Length 2-1/8" 1-7/8" Maximum Seated Height Maximum Diameter 3/4" Bulb. T-5-1/2Base* Miniature Button 7-Pin ∫Fil. Mid-Tap Pin 1-Fil. (- series) Pin 2-Plate l (- parallel) Pin 6 - Plate Pin 3-Screen Pin 4-Grid Pin 7-Filament + RCA Socket Stock No.9914 BOTTOM VIEW (7BB) Mounting Position Any Maximum Ratings Are Design-Center Values A-F POWER AMPLIFIER Plate Voltage 150 max. volts Screen Voltage 90 max. volts Plate Dissipation 2.0 max. watts Screen Dissipation 0.4 max. watt Total Zero-Sig.Cathode Current■ 18 max. ma. Typical Operation and Characteristics-Class A1 Amplifier: • Filament Arrangement Parallel ** Plate Voltage 135 volts 150 Screen Voltage 90 volts 90 -7.5 Grid Voltage -8.4volts Peak A-F Grid Voltage 7.5 8.4 volts Zero-Sig. Plate Current Max.-Sig. Plate Current 13.3 14.1 14.8 ma. 14.9 ma. Zero-Sig. Screen Current 2.6 ma. Max.-Sig. Screen Current 3.5 3.5 ma. Plate Resistance 90000 100000 ohms µmhos Transconductance 1900 1900 Load Resistance 8000 8000 ohms Total Harmonic Distortion 6 Max.-Sig. Power Output 600 700 mw R-F POWER AMPLIFIER D-C Plate Voltage 150 max. volts D-C Screen Voltage 135 max, volts D-C Grid Voltage -30 max. volts D-C Plate Current 20 max. ma. D-C Grid Current 0.25 max. ma. Total D-C Cathode Current 25 max. ma. Plate Input 3 max. watts Screen Input 0.9 max. watt Plate Dissipation 2 max. watts o, ♠, ■, •: See next page. - Indicates a change.



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Typical Operation at 10 Mc with

Parallel Filament Arrangement: **

D-C Plate Voltage	150	volts
D-C Screen Voltage	135	volts
Grid Resistor	0.2	megohm
D-C Plate Current	18.3	ma.
D-C Screen Current	6. 5	ma.
D-C Grid Current	0.13	ma.
Power Output (approx.)	1.2	watts

Filament voltage applied across the two sections in series between pins No.1 and No.7. Grid voltage is referred to pin No.1.

- ** Filament voltage applied across the two sections inparallel between pin No.5 and pins No.1 and No.7 connected together. Grid voltage is referred to pin No.5.
- With no external shield.
- For series-filament operation. A shunting resistor must be connected across the section between pins No.1 and No.5 to by-pass excess cathode current in this section. The value of the shunting resistor should be adjusted to make the voltage across the shunted section equal to the voltage across the section between pins No.5 and No.7. When other tubes in series-filament arrangement contribute to the filament current of the 3A4, an additional shunting resistor may be required between pins No.1 and No.7.
- Typical operating values for the 3A4 with filament sections in series will be approximately the same as those shown for parallel-filament operation.
 - The center hole in sockets designed for this base provides for the possibility that this tube type may be manufactured with the exhaust-tube tip at the base end. For this reason, it is recommended that in equipment employing this tube type, no material be permitted to obstruct the socket hole.

Indicates a change.





AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

